

**Module 25 Guided Reading Notes**

1. How do imperialism and militarism work together to promote war?
2. How could a dispute between two European powers involve other nations in the conflict?
3. What were the reasons for the hostility between Austria-Hungary and Serbia?
4. In the period leading up to World War I, how did nationalism unite or divide citizens?
5. What ideas and beliefs led to the Armenian genocide?
6. Was the system of alliances the only reason other nations entered the war?
7. Why was the First Battle of the Marne so significant?
8. Why was Russia's involvement in the war so important to the other Allies?
9. What were the characteristics of trench warfare?
10. How was war on the Western and Eastern Fronts the same? How was it different?

11. Why did the Schlieffen Plan ultimately collapse? Provide examples.
  
12. Why would communication with someone outside the plane be important for pilots in World War I and today?
  
13. How was the experience of war different for the subjects of European colonies in Africa and India?
  
14. How did the governments of the warring nations fight a total war?
  
15. How was the Second Battle of Marne similar to the first?
  
16. What factors helped prompt the United States to join the war on the Allies' side?
  
17. In what ways was World War I truly a global conflict?
  
18. Which of the non-European countries had the greatest impact on the war effort? Explain.
  
19. How did the different goals of the negotiators affect the treaty?
  
20. What complaints did various mandated countries voice about the Treaty of Versailles?

21. What was the goal of Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
22. Why did the United States reject the Treaty of Versailles?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
23. How did nationalism, imperialism, and militarism help set the stage for World War I?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
24. Why was the Balkan Peninsula known as "the powder keg of Europe"?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
25. What was the purpose of the League of Nations?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
26. What was the mandate system, and why did it leave many groups feeling betrayed?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
27. How did the Treaty of Versailles reflect the different personalities and agendas of the men in power at the end of World War I?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
28. How did the war have both positive and negative impacts on the economies of Europe?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
29. What was the social and cultural impact of World War I?